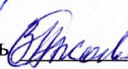


АНО ПОО «Колледж администрирования и современных технологий»

Рассмотрено и утверждено на заседании П(Ц)К
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Председатель  З.А. Сысоева
/



Утверждаю:
Директор колледжа И.В.Тараканов
«31» 08 2020 г.

**По дисциплине в учебном плане специальности 44.02.01 «Дошкольное образование»
предусмотрена следующая форма промежуточной аттестации: зачет
КОС по РПД Иностранный язык**

Вариант

A) Test

I. Use the Complex Object:

1. She let (I come) into the classroom.
2. I saw (Jack smoke).
3. The policeman made (I open) my suitcase.
4. I heard (they shout) at each other in the living-room.

II. Use Participles in the sentences:

1. (Услышав новость), she started crying.
2. After (прочтения романа) I understood the writer better.
3. (Написав письмо), she decided not to send it.
4. The man (читающий газету) is my brother.

III. Use the constructions neither...nor, either...or and both...and:

1. This boy can't read and can't write.
2. My friend and I will go to Sochi this summer.
3. I plan to take Maths or History as exams this year.
4. My son and I like boating very much.
5. Jack and Peter don't come here very often.
6. You can change trains at this station or the next one.

IV. Add the construction "So do I" to the following sentences:

1. We saw a man in the shop. (И они тоже)
2. My husband found the play interesting. (И я тоже)
3. My friends didn't like the film. (И моя жета тоже)
4. I have never heard you singing. (И мой брат тоже)
5. Peter will come tomorrow. (И Джек тоже)

V. Translate the sentences into Russian:

1. That made me change my mind.
2. I watched the young girl playing the piano.
3. We saw Peter writing something.
4. Do you want us to meet in the evening?
5. We didn't expect them to notice us.

VII. Choose the right words from the given:

1. He had changed so much that I didn't recognize him (at first, first).
2. Everybody was discussing this (thing, incident) when we went into the room.
3. A very funny (thing, incident) happened to me yesterday.
4. He had changed so much that I didn't recognize him (at first, first).
5. Everybody was discussing this (thing, incident) when we went into the room.
6. A very funny (thing, incident) happened to me yesterday.

VIII. Translate the sentences into Russian and explain the using of the tense form:

1. We sent him a telegram this morning because we haven't heard from him for a long time.
2. The meeting had begun before we got to the place.
3. As soon as we got to the place, the meeting began.
4. Ann had spoken to the teacher when Mary came to show him her work.
5. Ann was speaking to the teacher when Mary came to discuss the work she had done.

IX. Translate the sentences into English:

1. We saw a man in the shop. (И они тоже)
2. My husband found the play interesting. (И я тоже)
3. My friends didn't like the film. (И моя жета тоже)
4. I have never heard you singing. (И мой брат тоже)
5. Peter will come tomorrow. (И Джек тоже)

X. Translate the sentences into English using Complex Object:

1. Мы не ожидали, что он нас прервет.
2. Хотите ли вы, чтобы мы встретились здесь?
3. Мы видели, как она закрыла окно и вышла из комнаты.
4. Я никогда не слышал, как они говорят по-английски.
5. Я думаю, это заставит его написать отцу.

XI. Translate the sentences into Russian:

1. Do you want me to help you?
2. I would like him to finish this work.
3. Would you like them to stay here another two days?
4. I have never heard her sing.
5. Have you ever seen them play chess?

XII. Choose the right words from the given:

1. The Browns live (next to, next door to) the Smiths.
2. They (to see, to accompany) him in all his travels.
3. You should (at first, first) see the doctor, and then go home.
4. Everybody was discussing this (thing, incident) when we went into the room.
5. A very funny (thing, incident) happened to me yesterday.
6. He had changed so much that I didn't recognize him (at first, first).

Вариант

В) Переведите текст и выполните задания:

In some ways people all over the world are alike. They eat, they sleep, they work, they play, they laugh, and they cry. But in other ways they are different. The way they look at the world is different. Their points of view differ. Let's take time, for example. If a North American makes an

appointment with someone in an office for 11.00 a. m., she will probably come to the office early - maybe about five minutes before eleven. She will tell the secretary that she has an appointment for 11.00, and she will wait. But after ten minutes she will become uncomfortable. In many other countries it is different. If a person makes an appointment with someone for 11.00 a. m., there he may not come to the office until 11.15 or 11.30. He will not be surprised if he has to wait until 11.45.

The idea of what is early and what is late differs from country to country. We also have different ideas about space. North Americans like to stand about eighteen to twenty inches from each other when they talk. People from many other countries like to stand twelve -to fourteen inches from each other when they talk. When a North American talks to someone from one of these countries, everyone feels uncomfortable. The North American thinks that the person is trying to be too close. The other person thinks that the North American is too unfriendly, too far away. When he stands in a line, he will stay about eighteen inches away from the next person, if it is possible. When he is on a bus, he will try to find a seat far from everyone. In many other countries people do not make lines when they wait for a bus. They stand in a group. When they sit on a bus, they sit close to each other.

To express the idea that everyone has his own point of view, the English say, "To each his own".

Tasks:

Choose the right variant:

1. A North American will become uncomfortable if the person she has an appointment with is:

- a) five minutes late
- b) ten minutes late
- c) fifteen minutes late
- d) fifty minutes late

2. North Americans like to stand from each other:

- a) about 13 to 15 inches
- b) about 18 to 20 inches
- c) about 30 to 40 inches
- d) about 12 to 14 inches

3. When he is on a bus, a North American will try to find a seat:

- a) close to the window
- b) close to other people
- c) far from everyone
- d) far from the door

4. The idea of the text is:

- a) People all over the world are alike.
- b) To each his own.
- c) People have different ideas about space.
- d) People have different ideas about time.

Say which of the following statements are true:

5. a) A North American who has an appointment usually comes five minutes earlier.

b) A North American who has an appointment usually comes ten minutes earlier.

c) A North American who has an appointment usually comes at the exact time.

6. a) In many countries people make lines when they wait for bus.

b) In many other countries people don't make lines when they wait for a bus.

c) People in North America don't make lines when they wait for a bus.

7. a) People have the same idea about space.

b) People have no idea about space.

c) People have different ideas about space.

8. a) The idea of what is early and what is late differs from country to country.

b) The idea of what is late differs from country to country.

c) The idea of what is early and what is late is the same in every country.

Answer the questions:

9. In what ways are people alike?

10. In what ways do people differ?

Критерии оценки успеваемости:

- оценка «зачтено» выставляется студенту, если он демонстрирует усвоение основного материала, при ответе допускаются неточности, при ответе недостаточно правильные формулировки, нарушение последовательности в изложении программного материала, затруднения в выполнении практических заданий.
- оценка «не зачтено» выставляется студенту, если он демонстрирует незнание программного материала, затруднения при выполнении практических работ.